'Collaborative Problem-Solving through Public Interest Design' Saturday, February 13, 2016,

Bold Designing & Responsible Results a discussion of two case studies:

Fall Creek Place, Indianapolis, IN

Indianapolis Cultural Trail

Sanford E. Garner, AIA, NOMAC, LEED AP ND

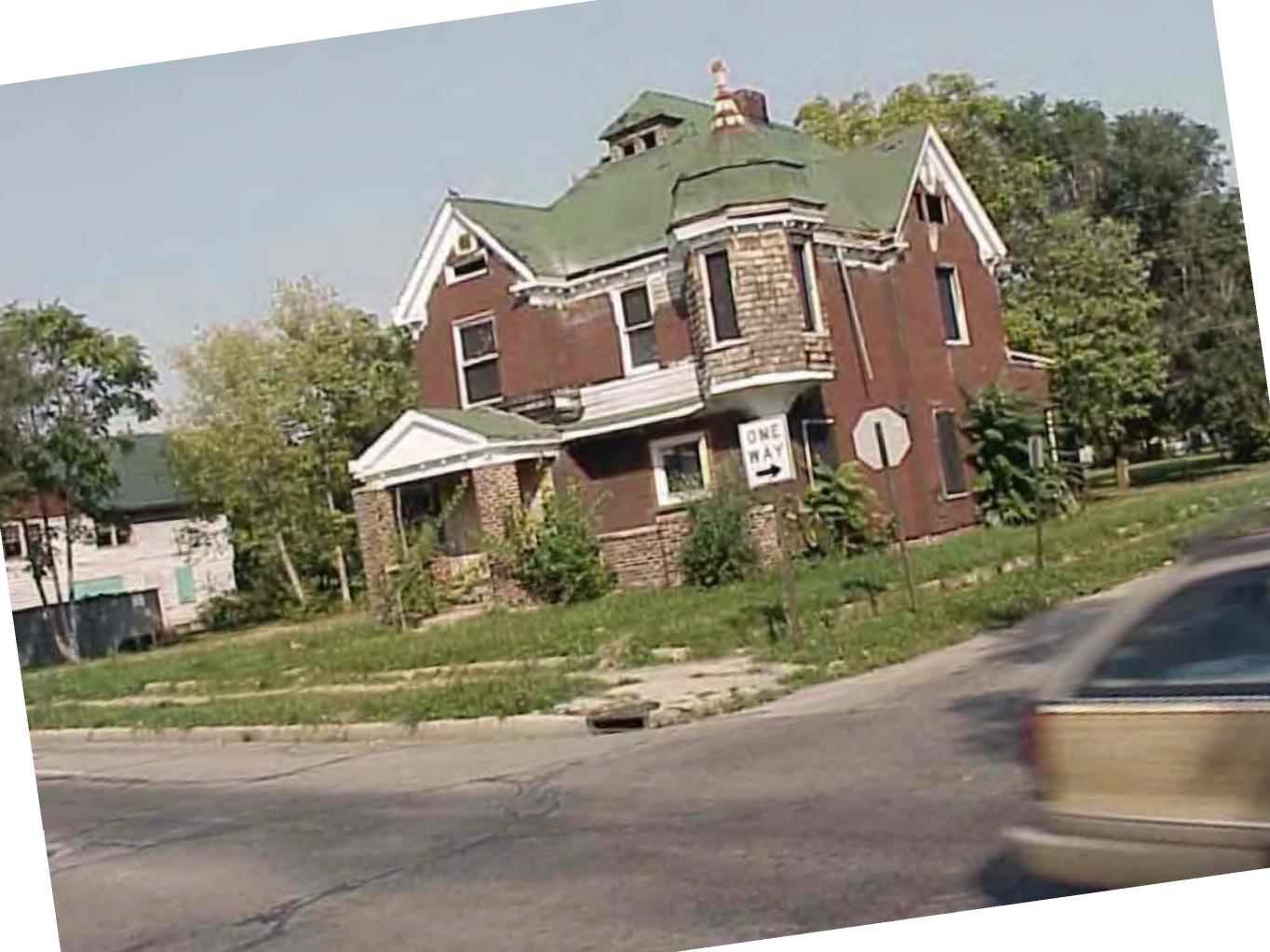


















Project Overview

- A public/private partnership encompassing approximately 42 blocks north of downtown Indianapolis
- Primary Goal: Transform a blighted inner-city area into a thriving and safe neighborhood
- Create over 350 new homeownership opportunities
- Provide 51% of homes to low-moderate income households
- Rehabilitate at least 46 existing homes
- Provide necessary commercial support services
- Improve area infrastructure and streetscape
- Create a balanced, mixed-income, and diverse community
- Federal Funding to establish a Home Ownership Zone

Project Challenges

- Existing infrastructure conditions
- Negative perceptions: housing fabric and traffic patterns
- High incidence of drug trafficking in some areas of Fall Creek Place
- Financial incentives for buyer and builder
- Land assembly
- Balancing new development with existing development
- Balancing affordability with quality design
- Market strength and market acceptance
- Generate of "Critical Mass" to help project marketability
- Allow for rental options within Fall Creek Place Home Ownership Zone

Redevelopment Timeline

- \$4 million HUD Homeownership Grant in 1998
- Corridor / Existing Infrastructure Studies performed by City of Indianapolis in 1998
- Master Urban Design Plan and Market Study in 1999
- Land Acquisition and Demolition begins in 1999
- Rehabilitation Activity begins in 2000
- Master Designer selected in July 2000
- Master Developer in August 2000
- Implementation Strategy completed in early 2001
- Model Homes start construction in August 2001
- First new homebuyer moves in Spring 2002

City Commitments

- Property Acquisition (HOZ grant)
- Infrastructure Improvements (TIF bond)
- Downpayment Assistance (CDBG/HOME)
- Debris Removal
- Demolition and Relocation
- Property Tax Abatement



Project Partners

- City of Indianapolis
- Mansur
- King Park Area Development Corporation
- Historic Landmarks
 Foundation
- Habitat for Humanity
- Citizens Gas & Coke
- Banking Institutions







Planning & Design Process

- City Studies
- Consultant Studies
- Constituent Studies
- Team Member Development and Interaction
- Builder's Guidelines
- Rehabilitation Guidelines
- Master Plan
- Address large scale Historic Structures with new designs
- Strategize Land/Parcel Development
- Blend Existing structures with New
- Establish "Design Review Committee" to guide character of new construction
- Develop and engage existing owners/partners in development of new building product
- Coordinate with area Community Development Corporation (CDC)
- Allow/Plan for future redevelopment opportunities
- Develop building prototypes





Fall Creek Master Plan







Marketing Strategies

- On Site Welcome Center
- Radio
- Newspaper Displays
- Bus Boards
- Signage
- Earned Media
- Special Events
- Collateral Materials
- Direct Marketing



Affordability Impact

Household Income: \$41,125

Percentage of Area Median:

Two person household: 80%

Three person household: 71%

Four person household: 64%

Targeted monthly payment: \$925

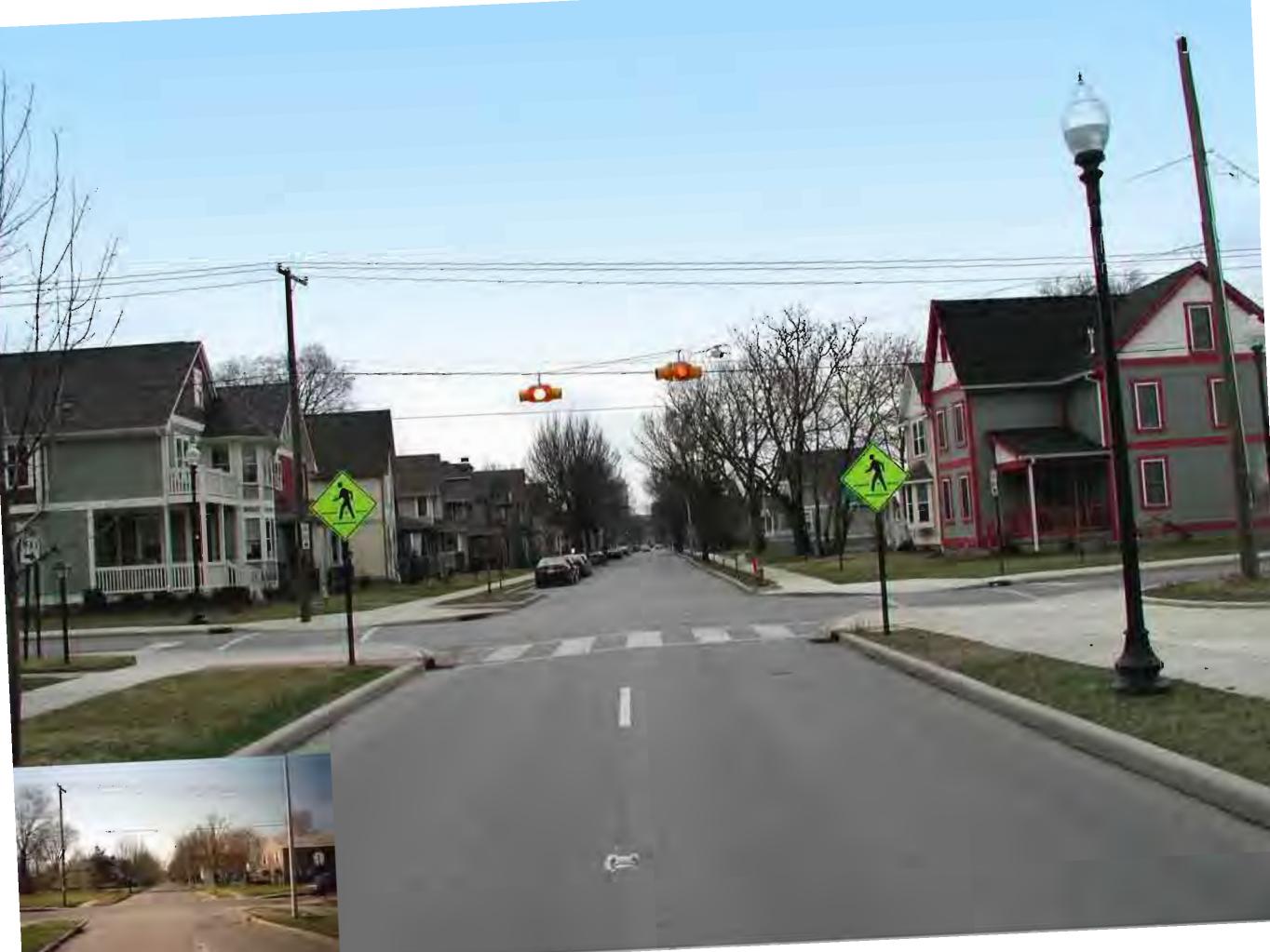
Assume 27% of income is used for housing costs.

Affordability Impact

	Normal	Fall Creek Place
Mortgage Amount	\$97,000.00	\$122,200.00
Interest Rate	7.5%	6.5%
Downpayment	\$3,000.00	\$24,000.00
Closing Costs	\$1,200.00	Rolled into Loan
Mortgage PMT	\$678.24	\$772.39
PMIPMT	\$44.46	\$0.00
Property Taxes	\$165.00	\$96.25
Homeowner's Insurance	\$33.00	\$48.33
MONTHLY PITI	\$929.36	\$925.30
HOME PRICE	\$100,000.00	\$145,000.00









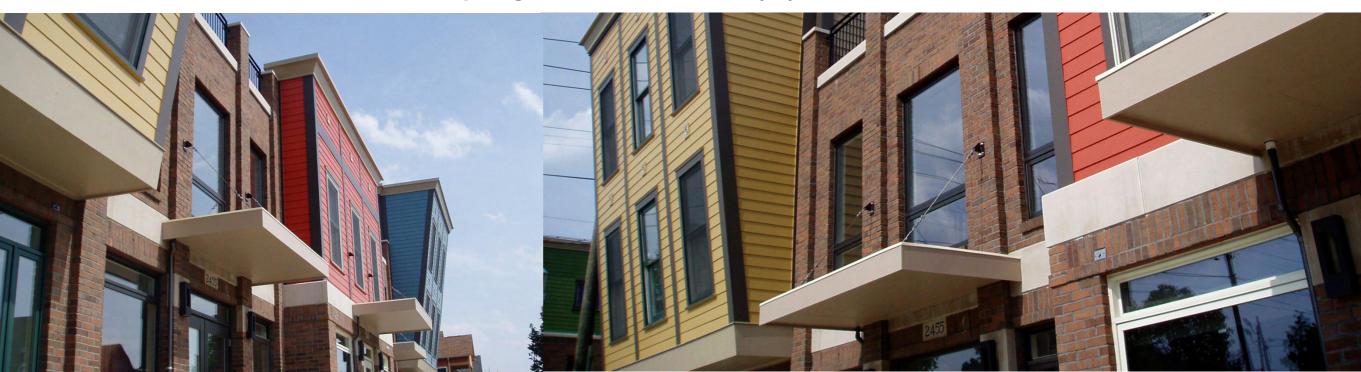




Future Redevelopment Opportunities



Douglass Pointe Lofts, a live/work for-sale condominium project with nine (9) units.





Ten Lessons Learned

- 1. Address the inherent problems with urban redevelopment early in the process.
- 2. Community support is essential prior to implementation.
- 3. Private sector development expertise is a must have.
- 4. A clearly defined structure is needed for the role of the builder(s), contractor(s), and master developer.
- 5. Larger and smaller builders can be involved and be successful.
- 6. Adequate marketing dollars must be in place, particularly at the front end.
- 7. The target market will be broad and difficult to define.
- 8. Mixed income developments must not sacrifice design quality.
- 9. Financial incentives are needed for mixed income initiatives.
- 10. The greatest marketing tool is always visual.



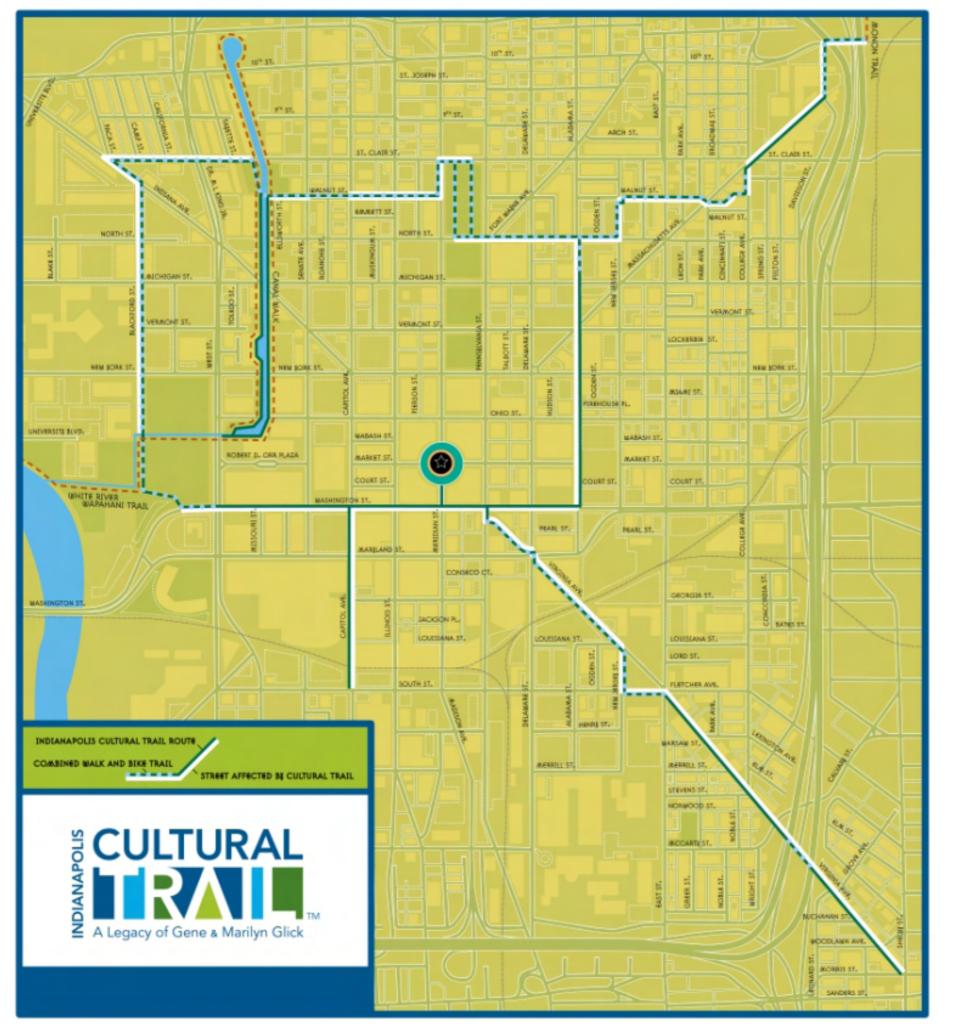
What is the INDIANAPOLIS CULTURAL TRAIL?

... a world-class urban bike and pedestrian path that connects neighborhoods, cultural districts and entertainment amenities, and serves as the downtown hub for the central Indiana greenway trail system

... a multi-modal system that creates a more connected and sustainable community in which we work, play, learn, and live

... a new prototype for urban transportation corridors that integrates green infrastructure, clean transportation, community revitalization, economic development, and sustainable design.





8 miles of pedestrian / bicycle trail !!!

Connects city & region
Enhances
mobility, safety
Encourages
Walking/Biking





Safety











Enhanced Visual Quality









Integration with Cultural & Social Environment





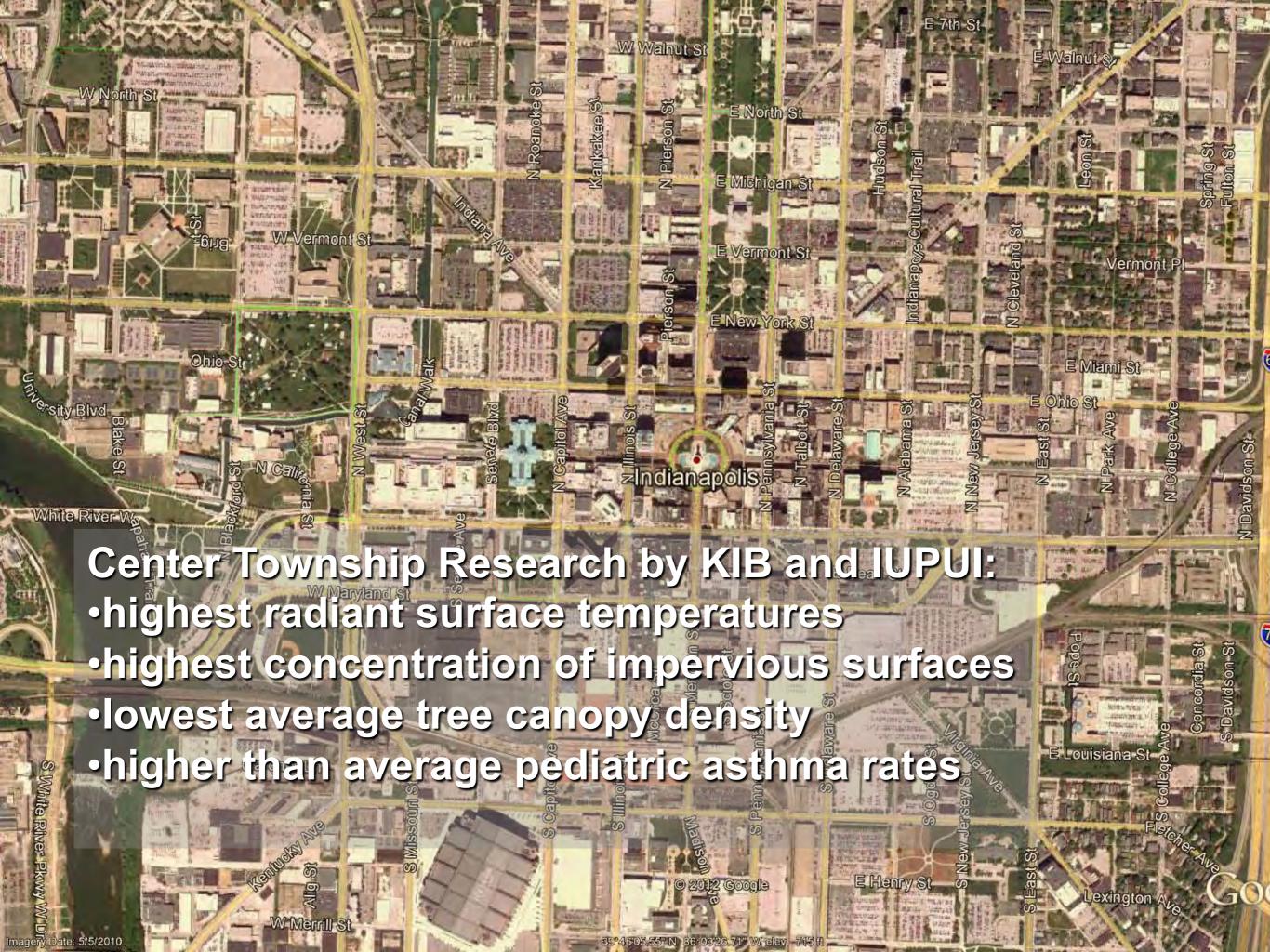






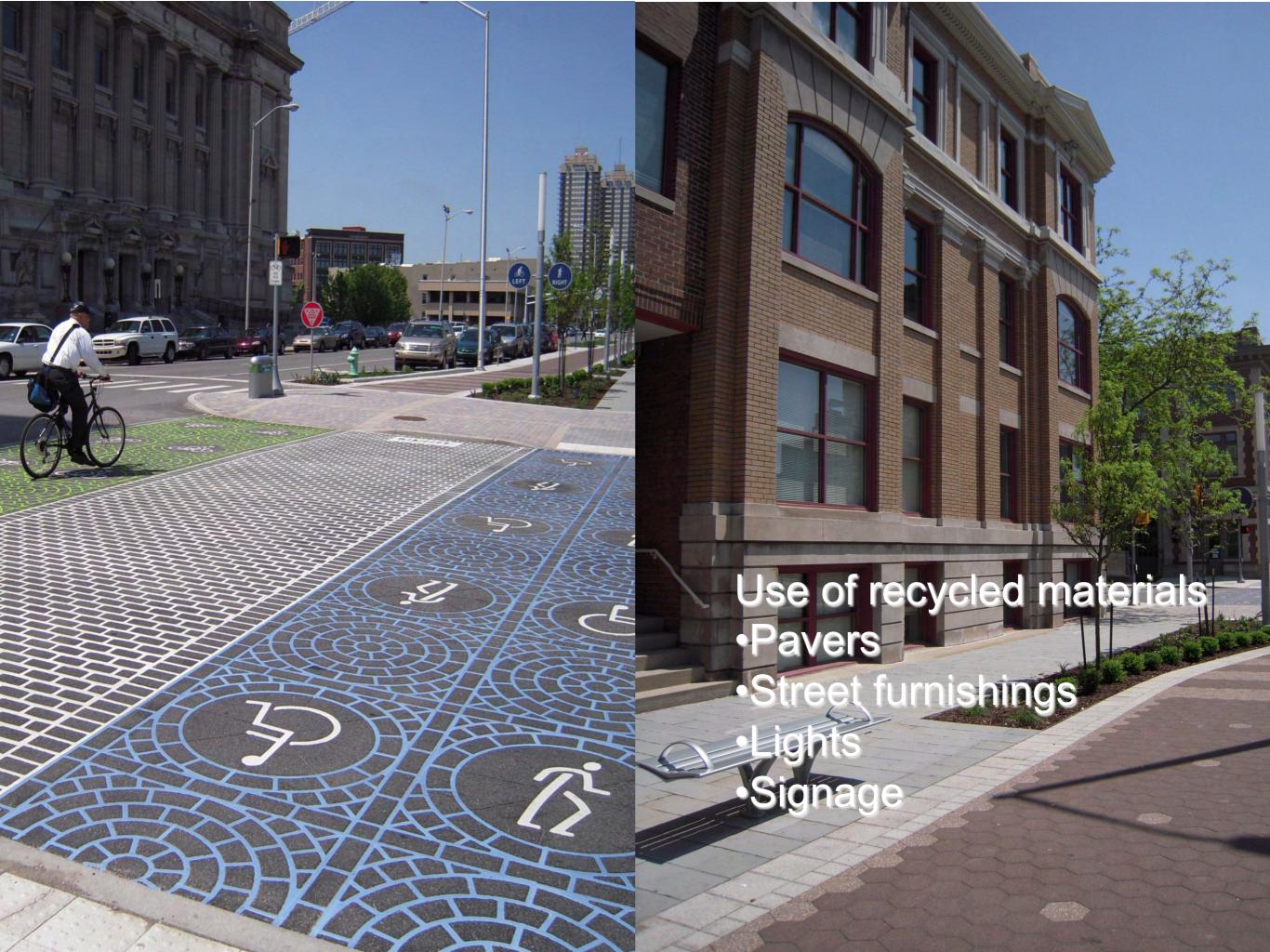
Sustainability













Enhanced Quality of Life







High Quality Public Space Design:

- Stimulates local economy
- Increases property values
- Attracts downtown residents, employees and business owners
- Contributes to sustainable land use and vibrant communities



QUESTIONS?

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